(j) Hearing official means an individual who is authorized to conduct a hearing with respect to the existence or amount of a debt claimed and issue a final decision on the basis of such hearing. A hearing official may not be under the supervision or control of NCUA when NCUA is the creditor agency.

(k) NCUA means the National Credit Union Administration.

- (1) Paying agency means an agency of the federal government owing money to a debtor against which an administrative or salary offset can be effected.
- (m) Salary offset means an administrative offset to collect a debt under 5  $U.S.C.\ 5514$  by deductions at one or more officially established pay intervals from the current pay account of a debtor.
- (n) Waiver means the cancellation, remission, forgiveness, or nonrecovery of a debt allegedly owed by an employee to NCUA or another agency as permitted or required by 5 U.S.C. 5584 or any other law.

## § 797.4 Delegation of authority.

Authority to conduct the following activities is delegated to the Executive Director to:

- (a) Initiate and carry out the debt collection process on behalf of NCUA, in accordance with the FCCS;
- (b) Accept or reject compromise offers, suspend, terminate or waive collection actions to the full extent of NCUA's legal authority under 12 U.S.C. 1752(a) and 1789; 31 U.S.C. 3711, and any other applicable statute or regulation.
- (c) Report to consumer reporting agencies certain data pertaining to delinquent debts, where appropriate;
- (d) Use offset procedures, including administrative and salary offset, to collect debts; and
- (e) Take any other action necessary to promptly and effectively collect debts owed to the government in accordance with the policies contained herein and as otherwise provided by law.

#### Subpart B—Administrative Offset

### § 797.5 Authority and scope.

NCUA may collect a debt owed to the federal government from a person, or-

ganization, or other entity by administrative offset, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 3716, where:

- (a) The debt is certain in amount;
- (b) Administrative offset is feasible, desirable, and not otherwise prohibited:
- (c) The applicable statute of limitations has not expired; and
- (d) Administrative offset is in the best interest of the federal government.

# § 797.6 Administrative offset prior to completion of procedures.

Prior to the completion of the procedures described in §797.7, NCUA may effect administrative offset if failure to offset would substantially prejudice its ability to collect the debt, and if the time before the payment is to be made does not reasonably permit completion of the procedures described in §797.7. Such prior administrative offset shall be followed promptly by the completion of the procedures described in §797.7.

#### § 797.7 Procedures.

Prior to collecting any debt by administrative offset or referring such claim to another agency for collection through administrative offset, NCUA shall provide the debtor with a written Notice of Intent to Collect by Administrative Offset (the Notice) at least 30 calendar days before administrative offset is to commence.

The Notice shall provide the following information:

- (a) The nature and amount of the debt, the intention of NCUA to collect the debt through administrative offset, and a statement of the rights of the debtor under this section, including the right to request a waiver under 5 U.S.C. 5584;
- (b) An opportunity to inspect and copy the records of NCUA related to the debt or receive copies if personal inspection is impractical;
- (c) The payment due date, which shall be 30 calendar days from the date after receipt of the initial demand for payment;
- (d) An opportunity for the debtor to obtain a review of the determination of indebtedness. Any request for review by the debtor shall be in writing and